Course/Branch : B.E./EEE	Year / Semester : IV / VII	Format No.	NAC/TLP-07a.13
Subject Code : OML751	Subject Name : Testing of Materials	Rev. No.	02
Unit No : I	Unit Name : Introduction to Material Testing	Date	30.09.2020

S. No.	Objective Questions (MCQ /True or False / Fill up with Choices)	BTL
1	A Schedule is satisfactory when: A) Capacity is consistent with the production Plan B) Capacity is greater than the production plan C) It doesn't specify to the plant when to start production D) It doesn't specify to the plant when to stop production	L1
2	andare costs that increase or decrease with the quantity sold. A) Indirect labor, indirect material B) Indirect labor, direct material C) Direct labor, indirect material D) Direct labor, direct material	L1
3	is the capability of manufacturing to produce goods and services. A) Priority B) Planning C) Control D) Capacity	L1
4	A Strategy means producing the amounts demanded at any given time. A) Production leveling B) Subcontracting C) TQM D) Chase	L2
5	Which is not a part of 5R's of buying? A) Right source B) Right Quantity C) Right Quality D) None of the above	L2
6	Business cycle, price trends, National Economy are	L1
7	The first activity of purchasing cycle is A) Recognizing the need for procurement B) Source selection and development C) Communicating requirement to the purchase D) Inspection of goods	L1
8	are the basic materials which have not undergone any conversion since their receipt from suppliers. A) Finished Parts B) WIP C) Work Made Parts D) Raw Materials	L2

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	ODJECTIVE THE QUESTION DAINE	
9	All portions of the material production from to are considered to be a linked chain under the supply chain concept. A) Raw material, final customer B) Work in process, raw material C) Work in process, final customer D) Raw material, Work in Process	L2
10	Materials management is a coordinating function responsible for planning and controlling materials flow. Its objectives is/are: A) Maximize the use of the firm's resources B) Provide the required level of customer services C) Both of the above D) Neither of the above	L2
11	Inventory not only makes up a portion of the cost of goods sold but has to be purchased at the beginning of production to be processed into finished goods. This type of inventory is Called	L2
12	Must statisfy the demands of the marketplace. It does so by using plants,machinery, equipment, labour, and materials as efficiently as possible. A) Production B) Marketing C) Finance D) Engineering	L2
13	is the first step in a manufacturing planning and control system. A) Maintaining the planned backlog B) Maintaining the required inventory levels C) Achieving the forecast D) Production planning	L2
14	Critical resources in rough cut capacity planning include: A) Bottle neck operations B) Labor C) Critical materials D) All of the above	L2
15	In theenvironment, many end items can be made from combinations of basic components and subassemblies. A) assembly to order B) make to stock C) make to order D) engineer to order	L2
16	Sincedemand is not related to the demand for any other assemblies or products, it must be A) independent, calculated B) dependent, forecast C) independent, forecast D) dependent, calculated	L1

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	Which of the following impurity in cast iron makes it hard and brittle?	
	A) Silicon	
17	B) Sulphur	L2
	C) Manganese	
	D) Phosphorus	
	Tensile strength of steel can be safely increased by	
	A) Adding carbon upto 2.8%	
18	B) Adding carbon upto 6.3%	L2
	C) Adding carbon upto 0.83%	
	D) Adding small quantities of copper	
	Cemented carbide tools are not found to be suitable for cutting	
	A) Brass	
19	B) Cast iron	L2
	C) Aluminium	
	D) Steel	
	Y-alloy contains	
	A) 3.5 to 4.5% copper, 0.4 to 0.7% magnesium, 0.4 to 0.7% manganese and rest aluminium	
20	B) 3.5 to 4.5% copper,1.2 to 1.7% manganese, 1.8 to 2.3% nickel, 0.6% each of silicon,	L2
	magnesium and iron, and rest aluminium	22
	C) 4 to 4.5% magnesium, 3 to 4% copper and rest aluminium	
	D) 5 to 6% tin, 2 to 3% copper and rest aluminium	
	According to Indian standard specifications, SG 400/15 means	
	A) Spheroidal graphite cast iron with B.H.N. 400 and minimum tensile strength 15 Mpa	
	B) Spheroidal graphite cast iron with minimum tensile strength 400 Mpa and 15 percent	
21	elongation	L2
	C) Spherodial graphite cast iron with minimum compressive strength 400 Mpa and 15 percent	
	reduction in area	
	D) None of the above	
	Pick up the wrong statement Nickel and Chromium in steel help in	
22	A) Providing Corrosion resistance	T 0
22	B) Improving machining properties	L2
	C) Providing high strength at elevated temperatures	
	D) Raising the elastic limit	
	Steel Contains	
22	A) 80% or more iron	1.0
23	B) 50% or more iron	L2
	C) Alloying elements like Chromium, tungsten nickel and copper	
	D) Elements like phosphorus, sulphur and silicon in varying quantities	
	Young's modulus is defined as the ratio of	
24	A) Volumetric stress and volumetric strain	T 1
24	B) Lateral stress and lateral strain	L1
	C) Longitudinal stress and longitudinal strain	
	D) Shear stress to shear strain	
	If a part is constrained to move and heated, it will develop	
	A) Principal stress	* 4
25	B) Tensile stress	L1
	C) Compressive stress	
	D) Shear stress	

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26	C) Plasticity	L1
	D) Elasticity	

