

**NADAR SARASWATHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, THENI.**

<b>Course/Branch</b> : B.E / EEE	<b>Year / Semester</b> :III / V	Format No.	NAC/TLP-07a.13
<b>Subject Code</b> : CS8392	<b>Subject Name</b> : Object Oriented Programming	Rev. No.	02
<b>Unit No</b> : 2	<b>Unit Name</b> : INHERITANCE AND INTERFACES	Date	30.09.2020

**OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION BANK**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Objective Questions (MCQ /True or False / Fill up with Choices )</b>	<b>BTL</b>
1	<p><b>Which inheritance in java programming is not supported</b></p> <p>A. Multiple inheritance using classes                      B. Multiple inheritance using interfaces                      C. Multilevel inheritance                      D. Single inheritance</p>	L1
2	<p><b>What is subclass in java?</b></p> <p>A. A subclass is a class that extends another class                      B. A subclass is a class declared inside a class                      C. Both above.                      D. None of the above.</p>	L1
3	<p><b>If class B is subclassed from class A then which is the correct syntax</b></p> <p>A. class B:A{ }                      B. <b>class B extends A{ }</b>                      C. class B extends class A{ }                      D. class B implements A{ }</p>	L3
4	<p><b>Order of execution of constructors in Java Inheritance is</b></p> <p>A. <b>Base to derived class</b>                      B. Derived to base class                      C. Random order                      D. none</p>	L2
5	<p><b>Inheritance relationship in Java language is</b></p> <p>A. Association  <b>B. Is-A</b>                      C. Has-A                      D. None</p>	L1
6	<p><b>Advantage of inheritance in java programming is/are</b></p> <p>A. Code Re-usability                      B. Class Extensibility                      C. Save development time  <b>D. All</b></p>	L2
7	<p><b>Which of the following is/are true statements?</b></p> <p>A. A class can extend only one class but can implement many interfaces  <b>B. An interface can extend many interfaces</b>                      C. An interface can implement another interface                      D. An interface can implement a class</p>	L1

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8	<p><b>Which class cannot be sub classed?</b></p> <p>A. <b>final class</b>                  B. object class                  C. abstract class                  D. child class</p>	L2
9	<p><b>Which cannot be inherited from a base class in Java programming</b></p> <p>A. <b>Constructor</b>                  B. final method                  C. Both                  D. None</p>	L1
10	<p><b>In which java oops feature one object can acquire all the properties and behaviours of the parent object?</b></p> <p>A. Encapsulation  <b>B. Inheritance</b>                  C. Polymorphism                  D. None of the above</p>	L2
11	<p><b>Java inheritance is used</b></p> <p>A. for code re-usability                  B. to achieve runtime polymorphism  <b>C. Both of the above</b>                  D. None</p>	L2
12	<p><b>The functionality of multiple inheritance can be implemented in Java by</b></p> <p>I. Extending one class and implementing multiple interfaces.                  II. Implementing multiple interfaces.                  III. Extending multiple classes and interfaces.                  IV. Extending multiple classes and one interface</p> <p>A. Only I                  B. Only III  <b>C. I &amp; II</b>                  D. II &amp; III</p>	L1
13	<p><b>Which keyword is used to declare an interface in java?</b></p> <p>A. class  <b>B. interface</b>                  C. implements                  D. abstract</p>	L2

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14	<p><b>A java interface can contain _____</b></p> <p>A. public static Final Variables only          B. public Abstract methods          C. Abstract methods(unimplemented) and implemented methods both  <b>D. public static Final Variables and abstract methods both</b></p>	L2
15	<p><b>Which is the correct way to inherit and implement the interface?</b>          Consider and example, Interface is IAnimal and a class is Cat that wants to implement interface.</p> <p>A. class <u>Cat</u> implements <u>IAnimal</u>{          B. class <u>Cat</u> extends IAnimal{ }          C. class <u>Cat</u> import <u>IAnimal</u>{ }          D. None is correct</p>	L1
16	<p><b>Which one is correct declaration for implementing two interfaces?</b>          Consider, Interface A and B. class C wants to implements both interfaces.</p> <p>A. class <u>C</u> implements <u>A</u>, <u>B</u>          B. class <u>C</u> implements <u>A</u>, implements <u>B</u>          C. class C implements <u>A</u> extends <u>B</u></p>	L3
17	<p><b>Which of these access specifiers can be used for an interface?</b></p> <p>A. <b>Public</b>          B. Protected          C. private          D. Any of the above</p>	L2
18	<p><b>The fields in an interface are implicitly specified as</b></p> <p>A. Static          B. Protected          C. Private  <b>D. Static and final</b></p>	L3
19	<p><b>What is output of the below java code?</b></p> <pre>interface X {     int i = 5; } class Y implements X {     void f()     {         i = 10;         System.out.println("i="+i);     } }</pre>	L2

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	<pre>         }     }     public class Main {         public static void main(String[] args) {             Y obj = new Y();             obj.f();         }     }     </pre> <p>A. 0 B. 5 C. 10 <b>D. Compiler error</b></p>	
20	<p><b>Java interface is used to</b></p> <p>A. Implement behaviour of multiple inheritance B. Achieve abstraction C. achieve loos coupling <b>D. All of the above</b></p>	L2
21	<p><b>Which of the following contains only unimplemented methods?</b></p> <p>A. Class B. Abstract class <b>C. Interface</b> D. None</p>	L1
22	<p><b>A class inherits an interface using which keyword?</b></p> <p>A. Extends <b>B. Implements</b> C. Inherit D. None</p>	L1
23	<p><b>What is output of the below java program?</b></p> <pre>         interface IShape {             void f();         }         class Circle implements IShape {             public void f() {                 System.out.println("Interface");             }             public void c() {                 System.out.println("class");             }         }     </pre>	L3

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	<pre>public class Main {     public static void main(String[] args) {         IShape obj = new Circle();         obj.f();     } }</pre> <p><b>A. Interface</b> B. Class C. Compiler error</p>	
24	<p><b>How many destructors a class can have?</b></p> <p><b>A. 1</b> B. 2 C. 3 D. 4</p>	L2
25	<p><b>The name of constructor must be ____</b></p> <p>A. Same as object name B. Same as one of the member function <b>C. Same as class name</b> D. None of the given</p>	L3
26	<p><b>The clone() method is defined in?</b></p> <p>A. Abstract class <b>B. Object Class</b> C. ArrayList class D. D) None of the above</p>	L1
27	<p><b>Which method of object class can clone an object?</b></p> <p>A. copy() B. Objectcopy() <b>C. Objectclone()</b> D. D) Clone()</p>	L2
28	<p><b>Which feature of OOP reduces the use of nested classes?</b></p> <p>A. Encapsulation <b>B. Inheritance</b> C. Binding D. d)Abstraction</p>	L2

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29	<p><b>What will be the result of given code?</b></p> <pre>String str = "StudyTonight"; str.concat(".com"); str = str.toUpperCase(); str.replace("TONIGHT", "today"); System.out.println(str);</pre> <p><b>A. STUDYTONIGHT</b>  <b>B. STUDYtoday.COM</b>  <b>C. STUDYTONIGHT.COM</b>  <b>D. STUDYtoday</b></p>	L3
30	<p><b>A java interface can contain_____.</b></p> <p><b>A. public static final variables only</b>  <b>B. public abstract methods</b>  <b>C. Abstract methods</b>  <b>D. Both A&amp;C</b></p>	L2
31	<p><b>How many base classes can a derived class have which is implementing multiple inheritance?</b></p> <p><b>A. Only 2</b>  <b>B. At least 2</b>  <b>C. At most 2</b>  <b>D. As many as required</b></p>	L1